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East Mississippi Insane Asylum reports

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Report of the Trustees and Superintendent of the East Mississippi Insane Asylum to the Legislature of Mississippi, 1885

Biennial report of the Trustees and Superintendent of the East Mississippi Insane Asylum to the Legislature of Mississippi, 1886-'87-1888 and 1889

Biennial report of the Board of Trustees and Superintendent of the East Mississippi Insane Asylum ... 1890 and 1891-<1894 and 1895>

LLMC 01-493t

BIENNIAL REPORT

—OF THE—

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND SUPERINTENDENT

—OF THE—

East Mississippi Insane Asylum,

—TO THE—

LEGISLATURE OF MISSISSIPPI,

—FOR THE—

YEARS 1894 AND 1895.

PRINTED BY AUTHORITY.

JACKSON, MISS.:
THE CLARION-LEDGER PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.
1895.

OFFICERS FOR 1894-95.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

W. A. Brown ..... President.
S. B. Watts ..... Secretary.
W. S. Harris, H. M. Threefoot.
C. M. Rubush.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

J. M. Buchanan, B. S., M. D ..... Superintendent.
J. R. Tackett, M. D ..... Assistant Physician.
R. E. Moody ..... Steward.
Miss Sallie Murley ..... Supervisor.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

For the Years 1894–'95.

To the Legislature of the State of Mississippi:

As required by law, the Board of Trustees of the East Mississippi Insane Asylum submit their report of the operations of Asylum, the control and management of which is vested in them, as follows:

While duly appreciating, we think, our obligation to the State to discharge our trust economically, and to avoid every unnecessary expenditure of the money appropriated for the support of the institution, we have kept in view that philanthropic idea, that an insane asylum is not merely a place where that unfortunate class of our citizens who are bereft of reason, are to be kept for their own protection and for the protection of society, but more properly a hospital in which the inmates may be treated, and, if possible, restored to reason, health and usefulness.

With this idea in view, we have endeavored, in co-operation with the Medical Superintendent of the Asylum, to provide, as far as possible, for the accomplishment of the end in view—the proper treatment, the comfort, the safety, happiness, and, where possible, the restoration of the patient.

The efficient Superintendent, Dr. J. M. Buchanan, not only in his annual reports, which are herewith presented, but from time to time, has submitted recommendations to us looking to the comfort, safety and protection of the patients, which have always received our consideration, and usually, our approval, and when in our power, provided.

There have been some much needed improvements made within the last two years. Among the most important we mention an electric light plant, by which the entire building is lighted by incandescent lights—thus dispensing with the dangerous method of lighting with coal oil. The entire plant, with wire lamps, and construction, together with a high-speed engine, cost less shan $1,000.

The much needed protection against fire has been greatly improved by the purchase of a force-pump, hose, etc. These appliances cost less than $500.00. This protection is only

available, however, when steam is kept up. It is important that there be constructed water-tanks on top of the building, from which water could be thrown to any part of the building.

With the appropriation made by your predecessors for the construction of a kitchen, store-rooms, etc., we have been enabled—by supplementing it from the support fund—to build also, a dining and assembly-room, which were greatly needed. The erection of this building not only removes the kitchen and store-room from the basement, where they have been a constant menace to the health and safety of the inmates of the Asylum, but provides additional room for patients, it being the purpose of the management to convert the old ward dining-rooms into dormitories, thus providing for about fifty more patients. We will also have in the new building an assembly-room for religious service, concerts, etc., for the benefit and pleasure of the patients.

As will be seen by reference to the financial report, and the reports of the Superintendent, the per capita expenditure from October, 1894, to October 1, 1895, was $126.94 for all purposes. When we consider three facts—the poor land, the small number, and all being white patients—we think the expenditure has been very light. True, prices of goods, which we buy as far as possible at wholesale, have been unusally low the past two years, but the indications are, prices will be higher during the next two years.

The very complete reports of the Superintendent and Steward which we submit as a part of our report, and the correctness of both of which we vouch for, and have approved, render further statement from us unnecessary.

In conclusion, we respectfully beg that your honorable body will give full consideration to the requests and recommendations submitted. We especially request that the appropriation for support, for wages and salaries, and repair, be consolidated and the trustees who may be entrusted with the management of the institution, be allowed discretion in, and responsponsible for, the disbursement of the funds. If, in your wisdom, you should deem it necessary to separate the funds, we beg that the appropriation for wages and salaries be increased, and that provision be made for the employment of nurses for the sick as shown by the Superintendent to be necessary.

We also especially emphasize the statements and recommendations of the Superintendent in his report for 1895, in reference to water supply. We are convinced that the health of the patients and adequate protection against fire, demand that a supply of good water, and an abundant supply, be secured before the beginning of another summer season.

We bespeak for the reports of Dr. Buchanan a careful consideration, for we know what he says is prompted by no other than motives to promote the welfare of the patients entrusted to his care.

In view of the certainty, or, we may say, the strong probability of a considerable increase in the prices of supplies, and an increase in the number of patients during the next two years, we respectfully recommend that an appropriation be made of $35,000 for the year 1896, and $37,000 for the year 1897, for all purposes, that is, for support, wages and salaries and repairs.

Respectfully submitted,

W. F. BROWN, Pres't pro tem.,
W. S. HARRIS,
H. M. THREEFOOT,
C. M. RUBUSH,
S. B. WATTS, Secretary,
Trustees.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

MERIDIAN, MISS., October 1, 1895.

To the Board of Trustees East Mississippi Insane Asylum:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit for your consideration the sixth biennial report of the East Mississippi Insane Asylum, setting forth in detail its operation during the years of 1894 and 1895.

On the 1st of October, 1893, there were 244 patients in the asylum; during the year 54 new ones were admitted, and 5 who had been sent home on furlough were returned, making a total of 303 under treatment during the year.

The daily average was 244.5.

There were discharged as restored 23, as improved 5, as not improved 5, 4 were taken home on trial, 2 escaped, 3 were discharged as not insane, and 19 died, making a total of 61 discharges and deaths, leaving 242 patients in the asylum at the end of the year.

The percentage of recoveries on new admissions was 42, and the percentage of deaths on the whole number treated was 6.2.

For 1894 there were 242 patients at the beginning; 56 new admissions, and 6 old patients were returned, making a total of 304 treated during the year, the daily average being 245.65. Forty-one patients were discharged, and 20 died, leaving 243 in the wards at this date. Eighteen of those discharged were restored, eleven were improved, six were not improved, one escaped, and five were treated for the morphine habit.

During the two years the institution has been free from epidemics, and there has been but little sickness of an acute form among the patients. If you will examine table 8 you will see that nearly all the deaths were due to chronic diseases, and such as are common among this class of patients. The percentage of deaths on the whole number treated was 6.57, and the per cent. of recoveries on new admissions was about 35, not including those treated for the morphine habit. We consider this a fair showing, if one takes into consideration the fact that many of our new admissions

were very old people, and others were bedridden when they came, some dying in a short time after being received.

For a more detailed account of the movement of the population, I beg to refer you to the tables appended to this report.

At times the demand for room has been beyond the capacity of the asylum. We have been compelled to decline many applications, and as our wards are filled for the most part with chronic patients, there can be no relief until more accommodations are provided. Acting on my recommendation last year, I think you have wisely provided for partial relief in constructing a large congregate dining-room over the new kitchen, for which an appropriation was made by the last Legislature. When this is occupied the old dining-rooms in the wards may be converted into associated dormitories, which will give room for about fifty more patients at a small cost. In addition to the cheapness in construction, these fifty patients will be distributed in the other wards, which will save the expense of additional attendants.

While on this subject, allow me to make the following suggestion: It is only a question of a few years before the State will be compelled to provide more room for the insane, and if the initiative is made now relief may be obtained without any great expense to the State, and a small outlay would prevent much suffering and inconvenience to this unfortunate class of our citizens.

The three cottages occupied by the employes could be used for mild women, which would relieve our crowded female wards, and give room in the main building for the admission of violent and destructive patients.

A pavilion for the accommodation of 100 quiet men could be erected at about $10,000, and this would give us relief for several years.

I am satisfied that the medical service of the asylum could be made more efficient if a few changes were made in the construction and arrangements of a few of our wards. At a small expense one or two wards on each side of the building could be re-arranged so as to be adapted for the isolation of the sick, and the treatment of acute cases. It often retards the recovery of acute cases when put in a ward crowded with chronic patients.

In most respects our wards are in good condition and well equipped, but there are some changes very necessary for the health and comfort of our people. Our heating apparatus is faulty and has never been satisfactory. Owing to the fact that each flue opens on all the floors, the top wards are heated at the expense of the lower ones, and we have

been compelled to put in direct radiators on the ground floors.

The bathing facilities are inadequate. It takes quite a long time to properly bathe forty people in one tub, and to facilitate this work, as well as for sanitary reasons, many asylums are now introducing the rain or shower bath. This could be done here at small expense, and I recommend an investigation of the system. The plumbing done on the water-closets a few years ago, has never been satisfactory, and lately the leakage has become so bad as to demand overhauling again. Before this is done we ought to prepare some rooms especially for bath rooms and water-closets. In the finish of these rooms, there should be no wood work, the floors should be arched and laid with tiling, and constructed so as to drain the water into the sewer-pipes, thus preventing all leakage to the rooms below.

The ordinary repairs about the building have been kept up and with the exceptions just mentioned you will find it in fair condition. The work of laying the brick walk around the building, and cementing the basement has been finished, which adds very much to the appearance of the building, besides thoroughly protecting the foundation and preventing dampness in the basement. The barns and out-houses are in good repair, and the fences, for the most part in good condition, but during the winter it will be necessary to rebuild a part that was set with oak posts four years ago.

The work in the farm and garden is still done with the patients, but owing to the discharge and deaths among the old working force, it is sometimes difficult to get competent men to go out, and unless there is some way to make those who are able to work do so, it will be necessary to hire day laborers if we farm as extensively as heretofore.

The farm has yielded well, and the garden has kept us supplied with fresh vegetables during the season. The cold weather last spring injured our orchard some, still we had a fair amount of fruit. In a few more years our apple orchard will supply all the apples we can use.

Our cows have supplied us well with milk, and the hogs have done well considering the little care they receive.

As you are perfectly familiar with the financial condition of the asylum, I will not say more than that the appropriation for support has been ample to meet the needs of the asylum, but the appropriation for wages and salaries has not been sufficient. In my judgment we did not have too many employees, nor were any receiving more wages than was commensurate with their services. I trust the next Legislature will be more liberal to them, and that you will be

able to restore their wages to what they were before you were compelled to make the reduction.

That we may make the hospital work more efficient, it is necessary that you employ nurses for the sick, especially for night service. The outside watchman looks after the sick on the male side, until they need close attention, then one of the day attendants has to be detailed to sit up at night. On the female side there is no night watch, and if a patient is taken ill during the night, the chances are no relief can be had until morning. The only means of communicating with the attendants is by knocking on the doors, and as there is always more or less noise in the ward, it often happens that the attendant is not aroused. There should be at least one night nurse for each wing of the building. They are needed even when there is no sickness, as suicidal patients and epileptics need watching all the time.

I want to call your attention to our water supply. Since the commission appointed by the Governor a few years ago failed to make a contract with the Meridian Waterworks Co. nothing has been done to secure good water, and the reservoir just in the rear of the asylum continues to supply the present needs. The only time we catch any water is during the wet season; the quantity, therefore, is limited, and as there is no outlet to the pond the water becomes stagnant. This water is not intended for drinking purposes, but as the water-pipes are supplied with it we cannot always prevent some patients from drinking it. Water for drinking purposes is obtained from wells, some of which are located quite a distance from the building; these wells are shallow and subject to surface drainage. In an institution like this, nothing adds as much to its healthfulness as good pure water. The parties who bored the deep well for the Meridian Ice Company, proposed to bore one for us with a capacity of 200,000 gallons per day for $2,500. I recommend that you ask for an appropriation for this purpose, and that in addition to boring the well, you construct a stand-pipe or water tower with sufficient elevation to thoroughly protect the building in case of fire. At present the pressure from our tanks is not sufficient to throw water on the top of the building, and if a fire should occur when there was no steam in the boilers, much damage might be done before the pumps could be made to work. The construction of a new water-tank will soon be a necessity, because the cold water tank that was thought to be unsafe two years ago is still doing service in the attic, and as there is danger of a collapse it ought to be removed before any damage is done.

The electric light plant installed by your board last year has been entirely satisfactory, and we now feel that the

greatest source of danger from fire has been removed. The expense of its operation is not much greater than the old way of lighting with coal-oil lamps. Lights are shut off at 10:30 P. M., but if we had a system of storage batteries, we could have a few lights all night, and it would not be necessary to run the machines later than we do now.

By the first of the new year, we hope to move the kitchen and store rooms from the basement of the center building to the new building. This will remove another source of danger from fire, besides rendering the sanitary condition of the main building much better.

Early in the year one of the halls of the center building was converted into a reading room, which has been supplied with quite a number of leading periodicals and newspapers. Such patients as are able to appreciate reading have free access to this room, and it has been a source of much pleasure to them.

The Clarion-Ledger, Commercial-Herald, Ellisville New South, Live Stock Journal, Columbus Dispatch and a few other papers have been sent gratuitously, and I am sure that if others knew how much the patients appreciated the home paper we would receive most of the papers in the State. Friends in Meridian have contributed books and old magazines to the library, others have sent fruits to the patients, and in many ways expressed kindly interest in the work here.

The money donated for amusements has been spent for music for the monthly dances, and the patients have greatly enjoyed them. When the new hall is completed we propose providing other entertainments, such as concerts and magic lantern exhibits. A few hours of diversion helps very much to relieve the monotony and tedium of asylum life. This hall will also enable us to have preaching for them occasionally.

As far as possible we have given all some kind of employment, and quite a large per cent. of both men and women find something they can do. There has been no new development in our treatment. We has tried to avoid routine work, and our work has been satisfactory, excepting the treatment for the morphine habit. These patients give us more trouble than any other class, and as most of them return to the habit I feel that our labor and pains have been for naught. In June, 1894, Dr. W. O. Porter, who had filled the office of Assistant Physician for nearly five years, resigned to enter private practice, and Dr. J. R. Tackett, of Homes County, was appointed to fill the vacancy. Dr. Tackett came to us with a reputation already well established, and the ease with which he adapted himself to his

new work clearly showed that we made no mistake in the selection. He has been faithful at all times to his trust, and rendered me valuable assistance by his watchful care over the patients.

Mr. Moody, our Steward, has guarded well the interests of the Institution in his purchases, and has performed his various duties with satisfaction.

The employees, as a rule, have been faithful and obedient to the rules, and I desire to commend them for their services.

In conclusion, let me express to your Board my appreciation of your support and co-operation in the management of the affairs of the asylum.

J. M. BUCHANAN,
Superintendent.

Statistics for 1894-1895.

TABLE No. 1.

SHOWING MOVEMENT OF POPULATION DURING THE YEARS 1894–1895, OCTOBER 1, 1893, TO OCTOBER 1, 1895.

	1894.			1895.			Total in two years.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Remaining at beginning of year....	124	120	244	120	122	242	486
New admissions during year.....	26	28	54	27	29	56	110
Second admissions during year.....	3	2	5	3	3	6	11
Daily average.....	....	....	244.5	....	...	245.6	245½
Discharged restored.....	13	10	23	7	11	18	41
Discharged improved.....	3	2	5	6	5	11	16
Discharged not improved.....	4	1	5	4	2	6	11
Discharged on furlough.....	3	1	4	....	....	.....	4
Escaped.....	2	...	2	1	....	1	3
Treated for Morphine.....	...	....	.....	4	1	6	6
Not insane.....	3	....	3	....	....	.....	3
Died.....	11	8	19	13	7	20	39
Total removed.....	39	22	61	35	26	61	122
Remaining at end of year.....	120	122	242	117	126	243	.....

TABLE No. 2.

RESIDENCE OF PATIENTS ADMITTED.

COUNTIES.	During the Period of two years.					From the Beginning.		
	1894.		1895.					
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.
Adams.....	....	....	....	....	....	3	8	11
Alcorn.....	1	1	1	1	4	12	15	27
Amite.....	....	....	....	....	....	1	2	3
Attala.....	...	1	....	....	1	2	1	3
Benton.....	....	....	....	....	....	4	3	7
Bolivar.....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	2

TABLE No. 2.—CONTINUED.

RESIDENCE OF PATIENTS ADMITTED.

COUNTIES.	During the Period of Two Years.					From the Beginning.		
	1894.		1895.					
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.
Calhoun	....	1	1	....	2	11	6	17
Chickasaw	1	2	....	2	5	17	16	33
Carroll	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
Choctaw	....	....	....	....	....	3	2	5
Clarke	1	2	1	1	5	19	18	37
Clay	3	...	2	....	5	14	14	28
Claiborne	....	....	....	1	1	5	1	6
Coahoma	....	....	....	....	....	7	3	10
Copiah	....	....	....	....	....	4	4	8
Covington	....	1	....	1	2	6	6	12
DeSoto	....	....	....	....	....	16	11	27
Greene	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	2
Grenada	....	....	....	....	....	5	1	6
Hancock	1	....	....	....	1	2	....	3
Harrison	....	....	....	1	1	2	1	3
Hinds	....	...	....	....	....	8	4	12
Holmes	....	....	....	...	....	1	1	2
Itawamba	....	3	1	....	4	6	17	23
Jackson	....	....	1	....	1	9	4	13
Jasper	....	1	....	2	3	10	12	22
Jefferson	....	....	....	....	...	8	1	9
Jones	....	1	1	1	3	11	7	18
Kemper	....	1	1	2	4	9	23	32
Lafayette	....	....	....	....	....	5	1	6
Lauderdale	6	3	4	7	20	71	68	139
Lawrence	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
Leake	....	....	1	1	2	9	7	16
Lee	2	1	....	1	4	14	20	34
Lincoln	....	....	....	....	....	8	5	13
Leflore	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
Lowndes	1	1	....	....	2	27	17	44
Madison	....	....	....	...	....	....	5	5
Marion	....	....	1	....	1	7	2	9
Marshall	....	....	....	....	....	4	1	5
Monroe	....	....	....	1	1	12	15	27
Montgomery	....	...	....	....	....	3	2	5
Newton	1	....	1	....	2	10	10	20
Neshoba	....	3	1	2	6	9	12	21
Noxubee	1	....	2	....	1	20	22	42
Oktibbeha	....	....	2	....	2	15	13	28
Panola	....	....	....	....	....	5	2	7
Pearl River	1	....	1	....	2	2	....	2
Perry	3	1	1	....	5	15	7	22
Pike	....	....	....	...	....	2	....	2
Pontotoc	....	....	....	....	....	6	7	13
Prentiss	...	2	....	1	3	9	16	25

TABLE No. 2.—CONTINUED.

RESIDENCE OF PATIENTS ADMITTED.

Counties.	During the Period of Two Years.					From the Beginning.		
	1894.		1895.					
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.
Rankin	....	....	....	....	....	5	7	12
Scott	....	1	....	....	1	8	8	16
Sharkey	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Simpson	....	...	....	....	....	3	....	3
Smith	....	1	....	1	2	10	11	21
Tallahatchie	....	1	....	....	1	4	4	8
Tate	....	....	....	....	....	7	2	9
Tippah	1	....	1	....	2	19	9	28
Tishomingo	....	....	....	1	1	6	11	17
Union	1	....	1	1	3	17	10	27
Wayne	1	....	....	1	2	9	11	20
Warren	....	....	1	....	1	13	10	23
Washington	....	....	1	...	1	7	1	8
Webster	1	....	....	....	1	6	1	7
Winston	....	....	2	....	2	8	8	16
Yalobusha	....	....	....	....	....	3	6	9
Yazoo	....	....	....	....	....	5	10	15
Totals	26	28	27	29	110	584	525	1109

TABLE No. 3.

DURATION OF ATTACK OF THOSE ADMITTED.

	1894.			1895.			Total for Two Years.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Less than one month	7	7	14	5	3	8	22
One to two months	2	4	6	6	4	10	16
Two to three months	2	2	4	1	6	7	13
Three to four months	1	1	2	....	1	1	3
Four to five months	....	1	1	1	1	2	3
Five to six months	1	1	2	3	5	8	10
Six to eight months	1	1	2	2	1	3	5
Eight to ten months	....	....	....	...	1	1	1
Ten to twelve months	....	1	1	....	....	...	1
One to two years	2	3	5	1	1	2	7
Two to three years	...	....	...	1	...	1	1
Three to four years	1	....	1	1	....	1	2
Four to five years	....	1	1	....	2	2	3
Five to ten years	2	1	3	1	1	2	5
Not known	7	5	12	5	3	8	20
Total	26	28	54	27	29	56	110

TABLE No. 4.

FORM OF INSANITY OF THOSE ADMITTED.

	1894.			1895.			Total in Two Years.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Mania Acute	4	6	10	9	12	21	31
Mania Chronic	2	4	6	1	4	5	11
Mania Recurrent	3	3	6	2	1	3	9
Mania Puerperal	....	...	....	...	1	1	1
Mania Epileptica	4	....	4	1	4	5	9
Mania Alcoholic	1	....	1	1	....	1	2
Mania Hysterical	....	1	1	..	1	1	2
Mania Syphilitica	2	....	2	....	....	....	2
Nymphomania	...	3	3	....	....	....	3
Morphomania	....	...	....	1	1	2	2
Melancholia Acute	3	4	7	5	4	9	16
Melancholia Chronic	1	3	4	...	1	1	5
Dementia Primary	....	....	....	1	....	1	1
Dementia Senile	....	2	2	2	....	2	4
Idiocy and Epilepsy	....	1	1	1	....	1	2
Not Insane	1	....	1	....	....	....	1
Morphine Habitue	4	1	5	2	....	2	7
Paranoia	1	....	1	1	....	1	2
Total	26	28	54	27	29	56	110

TABLE No. 5.

SUPPOSED CAUSE OF INSANITY OF THOSE ADMITTED.

	1894.			1895.			Total in two years.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Not known	7	8	15	6	11	17	32
Morphine Habit	4	1	5	3	1	4	9
Epilepsy	4	1	5	2	3	5	10
Hereditary	2	4	6	1	4	5	11
Uterine and Ovarian Disease	....	1	1	....	1	1	2
Excessive Use of Whisky	2	....	2	2	....	2	4
Masturbation	2	1	3	...	....	...	3
Cruel Treatment by Husband	....	2	2	....	....	....	2
Loss of Husband	....	1	1	....	...	....	1
Syphilis	1	....	1	....	....	..	1
Senile Decay	....	2	2	2	...	2	4
Financial Trouble	1	1	2	1	1	2	4
Suppression Menses	....	2	2	....	1	1	3
Over-work	1	....	1	2	....	2	3
Climacteric	....	2	2	...	....	....	2
Disappointment in Love	1	....	1	....	....	....	1
Puerperal State	....	....	....	....	4	4	4
Typhoid Fever	....	1	1	1	1	2	3
Injury to Head	....	....	....	3	....	3	3
Religious Excitement	...	....	....	....	1	1	1
Christian Science	....	....	....	....	1	1	1
Not Insane	1	....	1	....	....	...	1
Ill Health	...	2	2	2	....	2	4
Malarial Fever	....	....	...	2	....	2	2
Total	26	28	54	27	29	56	110

TABLE No. 6.

FORM OF INSANITY OF THOSE RECOVERED.

	1894.			1895.			Total in two years.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Mania Acute	5	2	7	2	7	9	16
Mania, Chronic	1	....	1	1	1	2	3
Mania, Recurrent	1	3	4	....	1	1	5
Mania, Puerperal	....	1	1	....	1	1	2
Mania, Epileptic	1	....	1	....	....	....	1
Melancholia, Acute	2	3	5	2	1	3	8
Hysterical Mania	....	....	....	....	1	1	1
Alcoholic Mania	1	....	1	1	....	1	2
Morphine Habit	2	1	3	3	1	4	7
Total	13	10	23	9	13	22	45

TABLE No. 7.

TIME UNDER TREATMENT OF THOSE RESTORED.

	1894.			1895.			Total in Two Years.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
One to two months	2	2	4	3	3	6	10
Two to three months	2	2	4	....	3	3	7
Three to four months	2	1	3	1	1	2	5
Four to five months	2	....	2	....	....	....	2
Five to six months	1	3	4	1	....	1	5
Six to eight months	2	1	3	1	2	3	6
Eight to ten months	1	....	1	....	....	....	1
Ten to twelve months	....	1	1	....	....	....	1
One to two years	....	...	....	....	1	1	1
Two to three years	....	....	....	....	...	....	....
Three to five years	1	....	1	....	....	....	1
Five to ten years	....	....	....	1	1	2	2
Total	13	10	23	7	11	18	41

TABLE No. 8.

DEATHS DURING THE PERIOD AND THEIR CAUSE.

Date of Death.	Sex.	Age.	Residence in Asylum.			Cause of Death.	Mental Disorder.
			Y.	M.	D.		
Oct. 6, 1893	M	38	....	4	3	Ex. ch. Melanch'a	Melancholia
Oct. 10, 1893	F	26	2	7	9	Ex. Maniacal Ex't	Epileptic Mania
Oct. 16, 1893	M	25	....	8	6	Epilepsy	Epileptic Mania
Nov. 1, 1893	M	75	....	5	12	Choked Eating	Senile Dementia
Nov. 22, 1893	F	70	5	2	35	Ex. Senile	Term'l Dementia
Dec. 23, 1893	F	68	....	4	10	Ex. Chr. Mania	Chronic Mania
Jan. 2, 1894	F	30	8	4	18	Consumption	Term'l Dementia
Jan. 20, 1894	F	30	8	6	2	Marasmus	Idiocy
Feb. 2, 1894	M	40	8	....	24	Consumption	Chronic Mania
Feb. 10, 1894	F	72	1	....	....	Exhaustion Senile	Term'l Dementia
March 12, 1894	M	50	9	1	12	Epilepsy	Epileptic Mania
March 15, 1894	M	48	2	9	10	Epilepsy	Epileptic Mania
July 12, 1894	F	38	2	6	6	Fever	Chronic Mania
July 24, 1894	M	65	8	3	4	Epileptic Seizure	Epileptic Mania
July 27, 1894	M	38	9	1	21	Consumption	Chronic Mania
Aug. 5, 1894	M	35	1	11	16	Marasmus	Chr. Melancholia
Sept. 4, 1894	F	65	9	4	....	Paralysis	Term'l Dementia

TABLE No. 8.—CONTINUED.

Date of Death.	Sex.	Age.	Residence in Asylum. Y.	M	D.	Cause of Death.	Mental Disorder.
Sept. 18, 1894..	M	38	2	7	....	Exhaustion	Chronic Mania...
Sept. 22, 1894..	M	70	6	8	2	Undertermined...	Chronic Mania...
Oct. 17, 1894..	F	45	....	...	16	Epilepsy	Epileptic Mania..
Oct. 26, 1894..	F	16	1	....	6	Epilepsy	Epileptic Imbe'ity
Nov. 1, 1894 ..	M	40	1	8	9	Acute Hepatetis..	Chronic Mania...
Nov. 6, 1894...	F	30	9	7	2	Epilepsy	Epileptic Mania..
Nov. 18, 1894..	M	38	9	3	11	Spinal Schlerosis..	Chronic Mania...
Dec. 12, 1894..	F	78	....	11	12	Senile Exhaustion	Senile Dementia..
Dec. 24, 1894..	M	30	5	5	1	Consumption.....	Epileptic Mania..
Jan. 1, 1895 ...	F	45	4	6	29	Cancer of Uterus..	Chronic Mania...
Feb. 6, 1895...	F	40	....	....	26	Ex. fol'w'ng T. F.	Acute Mania.....
March 18, 1895.	M	50	2	1	17	Ex. Ch. Melon'c'ia	Chronic Melanc'ly
March 30, 1895.	M	35	8	11	11	Epilepsy	Epileptic Mania..
April 4, 1895...	F	80	3	1	14	Senile Exhaustion	Chronic Mania...
April 7, 1895...	M	20	3	1	17	Consumption.....	Chronic Mania...
June 2, 1895...	M	24	....	....	27	Diarrhœa.....	Acute Melancholia
June 20, 1895..	M	70	1	7	4	Senile Exhaustion	Terminal Dem't'ia
July 20, 1895..	M	75	3	5	....	Or. Heart Disease	Chronic Mania...
July 27, 1895..	M	55	....	1	6	Softening of Brain	Acute Melancholia
Aug. 27, 1895..	M	60	3	6	7	Heart Disease....	Chronic Mania...
Sept. 1, 1895..	M	35	3	7	....	Diarrhœa.....	Epileptic Mania..
Sept. 29, 1895..	M	19	3	7	7	Ex. Epilepsy.....	Epileptic Mania..

TABLE No. 9.

ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS FROM THE OPENING OF THE ASYLUM.

YEARS.	Admitted.	Whole No. Treated.	Daily Average.	Discharged & Died.	Restored.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Eloped.	Not Insane.	Died.	Remaining at end of year.
1885	273	273	.....	60	25	6	2	5	1	21	213
1886	100	313	.....	88	40	8	5	1	1	33	225
1887	96	321	....	91	37	16	5	1	4	28	230
1888	76	306	.....	92	30	14	4	10	..	34	214
1889	100	314	.....	65	23	14	2	2	2	22	249
1890	101	350	244.5	108	42	14	12	4	..	36	242
1891	79	321	247.5	70	32	8	9	4	1	16	250
1892	125	375	228.2	133	24	7	3	..	..	16	242
1893	56	297	241.4	53	20	8	4	4	..	11	244
1894	59	303	244.5	61	23	9	5	2	3	19	242
1895	62	304	245.7	61	18	16	6	1	..	20	243

Supervisor's Report—1894-1895.

ARTICLES MADE IN SEWING ROOM AND WARD.

	1894	1895	Total.
Aprons	17	64	81
Bonnets	51	52	103
Bed ticks	132	85	217
Coats	53	60	113
Curtains	64	44	108
Carpets	2	3	5
Caps, attendants	.....	12	12
Dresses	248	229	477
Dresses, canvass	30	15	45
Drawers	244	311	555
Gowns	192	24	216
Gloves	11	.....	11
Hot-bed covers	1	1	2
Petticoats	206	104	310
Pillow slips	314	486	800
Pillow slips, ruffled and tucked	12	24	36
Pillow ticks	74	36	110
Pants	188	297	485
Shirts	252	270	522
Shirts, under	126	.....	126
Sheets	493	397	890
Spreads	48	96	144
Suspenders	155	.....	155
Socks	493	562	1055
Towels	314	368	682
Underbodies	126	102	228
Mattresses	122	88	210
Pillows	95	33	128
Garments repaired	2071	2120	4191

Steward's Report of Support Fund.

FROM OCTOBER 1, 1893, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1895.

PROVISIONS AND COAL.	AMOUNT.
488 barrels Flour	$ 1461 25
31,641 pounds Bacon	2364 37
15,063 pounds "D. S." Pork	1040 11
10,799 pounds Coffee	1902 77
18,217 pounds "Y. C." Sugar	671 56
2552 pounds Granulated Sugar	111 07
1996 pounds Hams	203 57
163 pounds Baking Powder	63 64
112 pounds Soda	5 88
196 pounds Baker's Yeast	78 40
145 pounds Tea	41 50
15,752 pounds Rice	558 73
61 pounds Grits	173 95
54 sacks Salt	45 55
1080 bushels Meal	525 65
4357 gallons Molasses	1318 95
5506 pounds Crackers	219 20
42 pones Bakers' Bread	16 80
340 gallons Vinegar	49 49
½ barrel Pickles	3 50
3453 pounds Dried Apples	223 05
2301 pounds Navy Beans	79 05
4349 pounds Leaf Lard	335 56
2984 dozen Eggs	381 54
45 dozen Chickens	88 86
302 pounds Butter	51 93
572 pounds Butterine	100 54
34 barrels Apples	88 25
10 barrels Kraut	59 75
14 boxes Oranges	32 00
12 dozen Cans Tomatoes	13 50
2 dozen Cans Peaches	3 75
50 crates Cabbage	108 68
95 pounds Black Pepper	9 50
26 barrels Irish Potatoes	61 02
273 bushels Sweet Potatoes	122 58
37,150 pounds Ice	199 90
1925 pounds Peas	36 19
11 bushels English Peas	7 15
2 bushels Onions	2 00
146,642 pounds Fresh Beef	5174 10
Sundries for Center	149 35
Two Christmas Dinners	172 90
2076½ tons Coal	4358 10
Drayage on Coal	1046 42
	$ 23,761 61

STEWARD'S REPORT.—CONTINUED.

FURNITURE AND FURNISHING.	AMOUNT.
6180 pounds Olive Soap	$ 164 75
4 gross Toilet Soap	20 00
1864 pounds Starch	59 00
1690 pounds Tobacco	425 00
45 cases Ball Potash	93 95
40 cases Pearline	149 45
9 gross Blueing	15 60
888 gallons Coal Oil	111 15
653 gallons Cylinder and Machinery Oils	154 77
30 gallons Gasoline	4 50
100 pounds Waste	7 75
2 cases Axle Grease	2 50
12 Long Handle Shovels	8 00
Hay Forks and Coal Scoops	8 25
90 pounds Grass Rope	8 70
4 dozen Dust Pans	5 00
2 dozen Blacking Brushes	5 50
3 dozen W. W. Brushes	7 50
4 gross Matches	3 60
272 pounds Candles	28 26
Crockery	161 45
Tinware	70 38
Hardware	80 66
1 dozen Specks	2 50
4 Clocks	11 75
6 Water Closets	36 25
2 Pumps	4 00
46 Large Spittoons	38 50
9 dozen Blacking	2 40
1 dozen Sad Irons	3 75
11 Razors	11 50
1 dozen Razor Straps	4 00
6 pairs Barber Scissors	4 50
1 pair Tailor Shears	7 14
3 dozen Padlocks	12 00
1 dozen Axes and Handles	7 50
425 Tin Chambers	121 25
5 dozen Granite Iron Chambers	24 75
6 Wheelbarrows	10 50
6 Stepladders	7 50
1 Wicker Set, 7 Pieces	35 00
25 cases Toilet Paper	118 75
28 dozen Scrub-brushes	42 90
54 dozen Brooms	121 90
37 dozen Cotton Mops	92 50
3½ dozen Lamps	25 25
Lamp Chimneys and Lantern Globes	5 20
20 dozen Water Buckets	27 50
6 Laundry Tubs	6 50
12 Laundry Baskets	9 50
2 dozen Fly Traps	4 00
1 Ice Cream Freezer	2 75
12 Rolls Oil Cloth	20 00
1146 yards Bed Ticking	85 95

STEWARD'S REPORT—CONTINUED.

FURNITURE AND FURNISHING.	AMOUNT.
19 dozen Bed Spreads	$ 160 20
6365 lbs Hackled Shucks	111 68
1113 lbs Cotton Batting	59 46
2 Rubber Air Beds	33 00
104 Iron Bedsteads and Springs	472 85
94 yds Carpet	67 45
139 yds Matting	53 60
150 pairs of Blankets	283 45
12 Urine Proof Blankets	15 00
6 Indestructible Blankets	28 50
8½ dozen Towels	22 37
1158 yards Crash	81 97
1 dozen Table Napkins	2 50
22 yards Table Cloth	19 10
603 yards Scrim	30 54
5 pairs Curtains	20 05
1849 yards 6-4 Sheeting	268 12
90 yards 10-4 Sheeting	16 65
	$ 4249 70

CLOTHING.	
Buttons, Thread, Needles and Pins	$ 104 10
2 Coat Patterns	2 00
713 yards Jeans	181 22
765 yards Cottonades	87 64
24 Suits Clothes	96 00
788 yards Colored Flannels	162 45
547 yards Canton Flannel	60 11
1653 yards Prints	78 13
864 yards Bleached Domestic	56 22
2004 yards Unbleached Domestic	98 30
268 yards Lawn	13 90
917 yards Drilling	53 07
1494 yards Gingham	73 66
100 yards Lindsey	14 00
947 yards Plaids	59 16
253 yards Osnaburg	16 41
635 yards Cheviots	42 70
53 yards Ducking	5 30
85 dozen pairs of Hose	72 10
1 dozen Corsets	4 50
30 dozen suspenders	30 00
½ dozen pairs of gloves	2 25
72½ dozen pairs shoes	833 05
20 dozen pairs Slippers	145 40
2 dozen pairs Rubber Shoes	9 60
16 gross Shoe-strings	6 60
29 dozen Men's Hats	105 60
1½ dozen Ladies' Hats	6 50

STEWARD'S REPORT.—CONTINUED.

CLOTHING.	AMOUNTS.
54 dozen Handkerchiefs	$ 25 90
12 dozen L. B. Shirts	60 00
13 dozen Collars	10 20
3 dozen Gent's Scarfs	4 50
378 pounds Knitting Cotton	75 86
Total	$ 2,596 43
FARM, GARDEN AND STABLES.	
45 tons Wheat Bran	$ 734 67
150 bushel Corn	75 00
17½ tons Hay	70 45
14 tons C. S. Meal	223 55
19 tons Home Mixture	347 50
45½ tons C. S. Hulls	160 52
Farm and Garden Seeds	128 15
1 Single Wagon	33 00
2 sets Wagon Harness	34 90
1 Disc Harrow	22 50
1 Seed Drill	9 35
1 Disc Cultivator	34 80
Farm Gear and Plows	40 60
Total	$ 1,914 99
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Postage Stamps and Box Rent	$ 106 25
Rent of Telephone two years	100 00
Medical Periodicals	48 00
Papers and Magazines for Patients	74 60
Returning Escaped Patients	33 80
Salary of Secretary of Board	273 30
Freight Express Bill and Drayage	362 65
400 Feet Hose, Water Plugs and Nozzles	303 50
1 Buffalo Meat Chopper	75 50
1000 Dials for Watchman's Clock	4 50
1 Dehorner	7 50
1 Laundry Stove	30 00
1 40-Horse Power Engine, Complete	495 00
Electric Light Plant, Complete	473 00
47 gallons Platts' Chloride	23 00
Amusements for Patients	30 50
Drugs and Whisky	653 60
22 Kegs Nails	38 65
Lime and Cement	30 90
Stationery	183 14
1 Duplex Pump, 4½x2¾-4	164 35
11 Steam Radiators	94 22
1 Lawn Mower	4 00
1 Refrigerator	98 00

STEWARD'S REPORT.—CONTINUED.

MISCELLANEOUS.	AMOUNT.
24 pairs Inside Blinds	$ 130 24
1 Piano	50 00
1 Cooking Range	199 00
Printing	8 94
Painting Cottage	50 00
Lumber	269 13
Water Pipe Fittings and Fixtures	300 99
36 feet Leather Belt	32 76
Difference in pair mules	125 00
Fitting up Reading Room	42 25
Amount to Salary and Wages Fund	263 47
Amount Paid on New Building	1000 00
Pay Roll October, November and December, 1893	2920 20
Discount on Warrants	65 82
Total	$ 9165 76

RECAPITULATION.

Provisions and coal	$23,761 61	
Furniture and furnishing	4249 70	
Clothing	2596 43	
Farm, garden and stables	1914 99	
Miscellaneous	9165 76	
Appropriation of 1893 covered back	734 28	
Appropriation of 1894 covered back	2416 10	
Appropriation of 1895 balance not drawn	9187 95	
Cash balance	833 37	
Cash balance September 30, 1893		$ 514 40
Balance of Appropriation 1893, Sept 30, 1893		11,315 54
Balance of appropriation, 1894		21,360 00
Balance of appropriation, 1895		21,360 00
Cash from other sources		310 25
Total	$54,860 19	$54,860 19

Very respectfully submitted,

R. E. MOODY, STEWARD.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUPPORT FUND.

1893			
Nov. 1	Support warrant No. 18	$ 2578 37	
Dec. 1	Support warrant No. 20	3866 38	
Dec. 28	Support warrant No. 22	4136 51	
1894			
Feb. 12	Support warrant No. 1	469 34	
March 1	Support warrant No. 4	565 42	
March 31	Support warrant No. 6	1260 40	
May 1	Support warrant No. 9	1310 56	
June 1	Support warrant No. 12	1002 11	
June 30	Support warrant No. 15	1186 46	
Aug. 1	Support warrant No. 18	1051 58	
Sept. 1	Support warrant No. 21	2025 46	
Oct. 1	Support warrant No. 24	2194 04	
Nov. 1	Support warrant No. 27	1758 12	
Dec. 1	Support warrant No. 30	2935 61	
Dec. 28	Support warrant No. 33	3184 80	
1895			
Feb. 1	Support warrant No. 1	635 26	
March 1	Support warrant No. 4	714 30	
April 1	Support warrant No. 6	1570 96	
May 1	Support warrant No 9	1009 81	
June 1	Support warrant No. 12	1251 04	
July 1	Support warrant No. 15	1218 73	
Aug. 1	Support warrant No. 18	1151 33	
Aug. 31	Support warrant No. 22	2405 67	
Oct. 1	Support warrant No. 25	2214 95	
		$41,697 21	
	Appropriation of 1893 covered back	734 28	
	Appropriation of 1894 covered back	2416 10	
	Balance appropriation 1895 not drawn	9187 95	
1893			
Sept. 30	Balance of appropriation of 1893		11,315 54
	Appropriation for 1894		21,360 00
	Appropriation for 1895		21,360 00
		$54,035 54	$54,035 54

REPORT OF SALARY AND WAGES FUND.

Pay Roll for January, 1894	$ 968 50
Pay Roll for February, 1894	968 50
Pay Roll for March, 1894	943 50
Pay Roll for April, 1894	872 69
Pay Roll for May, 1894	872 71
Pay Roll for June, 1894	872 40
Pay Roll for July, 1894	849 57
Pay Roll for August, 1894	876 90
Pay Roll for September, 1894	876 90
Pay Roll for October, 1894	874 00
Pay Roll for November, 1894	881 90
Pay Roll for December, 1894	881 90
Pay Roll for January, 1895	881 90

REPORT OF SALARY AND WAGES FUND.—CONTINUED.

Pay Roll for February, 1895	881 90	
Pay Roll for March, 1895	881 90	
Pay Roll for April, 1895	878 52	
Pay Roll for May, 1895	883 55	
Pay Roll for June, 1895	881 90	
Pay Roll for July, 1895	863 40	
Pay Roll for August, 1895	872 90	
Poy Roll for September, 1895	881 90	
	$18,647 34	
Balance of appropriation not drawn	2,568 13	
Appropriation for 1894		10,476 00
Appropriation for 1895		10,476 00
Amount transferred from Support Fund		263 47
	$21,215 47	$21,215 47

REPORT OF REPAIR FUND.

Lumber	$ 389 66	
9000 brick	57 21	
4000 shingles	8 00	
4 dozen chair bottoms	5 50	
5 boxes of glass	22 30	
4 doors	11 40	
1395 cedar posts	208 52	
813 pounds of barbed wire	18 29	
Pipe and fittings	220 26	
31 feet of leather belt	9 30	
1 iron hot-water tank	350 00	
Painting barn and carpenters' shop	64 50	
Painting front doors	7 28	
Paints and oils	90 75	
28 days painter's salary	48 10	
Repairs on wagons	24 05	
Repairs on hack	8 65	
200 feet 12 inch tile	92 10	
Repairs on water-closet	10 68	
1467 pounds grate bars	33 00	
Lime and cement	26 30	
Repairs on harness	7 55	
Repairs on cooking range	22 40	
Repairs on electric light plant	9 73	
Repalrs on mower	10 96	
	$ 1,756 49	
Appropriation of 1893 covered back	17 11	
Appropriation of 1895 not drawn	688 64	
Cash balance	356 56	
September 30, 1893.		
Cash balance		81 02
Appropriation for 1893		737 78
Appropriation for 1894		1,000 00
Appropriation for 1895		1,000 00
	$ 2,818 80	$ 2,818 80

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF REPAIR FUND.

	REPAIR FUND.		
1893			
Nov. 1	Repair warrant No. 19	$ 192 60	
Dec. 1	Repair warrant No. 21	61 23	
Dec. 28	Repair warrant No. 23	466 84	
1894			
Feb. 12	Repair warrant No. 3	73 74	
March 31	Repair warrant No. 8	10 00	
May 1	Repair warrant No. 11	8 77	
June 1	Repair warrant No. 14	18 10	
June 31	Repair warrant No. 17	108 27	
Aug. 1	Repair warrant No. 20	49 36	
Sept. 1	Repair warrant No. 23	31 20	
Oct. 1	Repair warrant No. 26	49 59	
Nov. 1	Repair warrant No. 29	133 29	
Dec. 1	Repair warrant No. 32	57 45	
Dec. 28	Repair warrant No. 35	460 23	
1895			
Feb. 1	Repair warrant No. 3	114 48	
April 1	Repair warrant No. 8	7 14	
May 1	Repair warrant No. 11	23 31	
June 1	Repair warrant No. 14	16 40	
July 1	Repair warrant No. 17	30 00	
Aug. 1	Repair warrant No. 20	14 65	
Aug. 31	Repair warrant No. 24	12 98	
Oct. 1	Repair warrant No. 27	92 40	
		$ 2032 03	
	Appropriation of 1893 covered back	$ 17 11	
	Appropriation of 1895 not drawn	688 64	
Sept. 30	Balance of Appropriation of 1893		$ 737 78
	Appropriation for 1894		1000 00
	Appropriation for 1895		1000 00
		$ 2737 78	$ 2737 78
	BUILDING FUND.		
1895			
Aug. 1	Building warrant No. 21	$ 2000 00	
Aug. 5	Paid J. E. Hubbel, Contractor		$ 1000 00
Aug. 15	Paid J. E. Hubbell, Contractor		1000 00
		$ 2000 00	$ 2000 00

Farm and Garden Products.

RAISED ON ASYLUM FARM, 1894 AND 1895.

1730 bushels Oats, 40c	$ 692 00	
1775 bushels Corn, 50c	887 50	
18 tons Hay, $8.00	144 00	
25 barrels Kraut, $4.50	112 50	
23,080 ears Green Corn, 10c per doz	192 30	
284 bushels Field Peas, $1.00	284 00	
958 bushels Sweet Potatoes, 50c	478 00	
263 bushels Irish Potatoes, 75c	197 25	
872 bushels Turnips, 50c	436 00	
8385 heads Cabbage, 3c	251 55	
181 bushels Snap Beans, $1.00	181 00	
172 bushels Okra, 50c	86 00	
20 bushels Butter-Beans, shelled, $1.50	30 00	
144 bushels Onions, $1.00	144 00	
60 bushels Radishes, 50c	30 00	
17 bushels beets, 50c	8 50	
52 bushels Squash, 50c	26 00	
96 bushels Tomatoes, $1.00	96 00	
532 Watermelons, 5c	26 60	
81 Canteloupes	4 05	
39 dozen bunches Lettuce, 50c	19 50	
7183 pounds fresh Pork, 5c	359 15	
		$ 4685 90
DAIRY.		
1134 pounds Butter, 20c	226 80	
11,731 gallons Milk, 20c	2546 20	
		2773 00
Total		$ 7458 90